

# **NORTHERN SUBURBS BRIDGE CLUB INCORPORATED RULES**

## **1 INTERPRETATION**

- (1) In these Rules Act means the Associations Incorporation Act 1981.
- (2) A word or expression that is not defined in these Rules but is defined in the Act has, if the context permits, the meaning given in the Act

## **2 NAME**

- (1) The name of the incorporated Association is “Northern Suburbs Bridge Club Incorporated” (the Association).

## **3 OBJECTS**

The objects of the Association are:

- (1) To promote and encourage the participation, enjoyment and advancement of bridge and other community activities in a safe and positive environment, in accordance with the Laws of Duplicate Bridge.
- (2) To provide opportunities for learning bridge.
- (3) To organise, conduct and encourage participation in bridge tournaments.
- (4) To co-operate, amalgamate or affiliate with any other organisation whose objects altogether or in part are similar.
- (5) To ensure the premises are fit for purpose and comply with the legal and statutory regulations.

## **4 POWERS**

- (1) The Association has the powers of an individual.
- (2) The Association may, for example:
  - (a) enter into contracts; and
  - (b) acquire, hold, deal with and dispose of property; and
  - (c) make charges for services and facilities it supplies; and

- (d) do other things necessary or convenient to be done in carrying out its affairs or in meeting its objects.
- (3) The Association may issue secured and unsecured notes, debentures and debenture stock for the Association.

## 5 CLASSES OF MEMBERS

- (1) The membership of the Association consists of any of the following classes of members:
  - (a) **Ordinary Members** – being those persons who have been admitted as an ordinary member of the Association.
  - (b) **Life Members** – being those persons who shall have paid the Life Membership fees.
  - (c) **Honorary Life members** – being those persons whom the Association in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the management committee, admit for outstanding services to the Association.
  - (d) **Honorary Members** – being those persons, whose place of residence is outside the State of Queensland, whom the management committee may admit.
  - (e) **Student Members** – being those persons who, in the opinion of the management committee, are bona fide students under the age of twenty-five years.
- (2) The number of members in each class is unlimited.

## 6 NEW MEMBERSHIP

- (1) An applicant for membership of the Association must be proposed by one member of the Association (the proposer) and seconded by another member (the seconder).
- (2) An application for membership must be:
  - (a) in writing; and
  - (b) signed by the applicant and the applicant's proposer and seconder; and
  - (c) in the form decided by the management committee.

## **7 MEMBERSHIP FEES**

- (1) The annual membership fee for each ordinary membership and for each other class of membership:
  - (a) is the amount decided by the members from time to time at a general meeting; and
  - (b) is payable when, and in the way, the management committee decides.
- (2) A person shall on application for membership of the Association pay an entrance fee applicable to that class of membership applied for in addition to the applicable annual membership fee. The entrance fee for each class of membership shall be in the amount decided by the members at a general meeting.
- (3) In addition to an annual membership fee and an entrance fee (if any) paid to the Association, ordinary, life and student members shall pay the fees and any other charges levied by the Australian Bridge Federation and the Queensland Bridge Association or their successors. Default in any payment in this regard shall be taken as default in payment of the Association's membership fees and subrule 9(3)(c) shall apply.
- (4) Honorary Life members of the Association, after admission as an Honorary Life member, shall not be required to pay future Association annual membership fees or any other charges as may be levied by the Australian Bridge Federation or the Queensland Bridge Association or their successors. All such fees shall be met by the Association.

## **8 ADMISSION AND REJECTION OF NEW MEMBERS**

- (1) The management committee must consider an application for membership at the next committee meeting held after it receives:
  - (a) the application for membership; and
  - (b) the appropriate fees for the application.
- (2) The management committee must ensure that, as soon as possible after the person applies to become a member of the Association, and before the management committee considers the person's application, the person is advised:
  - (a) whether or not the Association has public liability insurance; and
  - (b) if the Association has public liability insurance, the amount of the insurance.

- (3) The management committee must decide at the meeting whether to accept or reject the application.
- (4) If a majority of the members of the management committee present at the meeting vote to accept the applicant as a member, the applicant must be accepted as a member for the class of membership applied for.
- (5) The secretary of the Association must, as soon as practicable after the management committee decides to accept or reject an application, give the applicant a written notice of the decision.

## **9 WHEN MEMBERSHIP ENDS**

- (1) A member may resign from the Association by giving a written notice of resignation to the secretary.
- (2) The resignation takes effect at:
  - (a) the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
  - (b) if a later time is stated in the notice, then the later time.
- (3) The management committee may terminate member's membership if the member:
  - (a) is convicted of an indictable offence; or
  - (b) does not comply with any of the provisions of these Rules; or
  - (c) has membership fees in arrears for at least two months; or
  - (d) conducts himself or herself in a way considered to be injurious or is prejudicial to the character or interests of the Association.
- (4) Before the management committee terminates a member's membership, the committee must give the member a full and fair opportunity to show why the membership should not be terminated.
- (5) If, after considering all representations made by the member, the management committee decides to terminate the membership, the secretary of the committee must give the member a written notice of the decision.
- (6) The membership of an Honorary Member mentioned in subrule 5(1)(d) ends two calendar months from the date of admission as an Honorary Member if not terminated earlier under the provisions of this Rule 9

## **10 APPEAL AGAINST REJECTION OR TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP.**

- (1) A person whose application for membership has been rejected, or whose membership has been terminated, may give the secretary written notice of the person's intention to appeal against the decision.
- (2) A notice of intention to appeal must be given to the secretary within one month after the person receives written notice of the decision.
- (3) If the secretary receives a notice of intention to appeal, the secretary must, within one month after receiving the notice, call a general meeting to decide the appeal.

## **11 GENERAL MEETING TO DECIDE APPEAL**

- (1) The general meeting to decide an appeal must be held within three months after the secretary receives the notice of intention to appeal.
- (2) At the meeting, the applicant must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the application should not be rejected or the membership should not be terminated.
- (3) Also, the management committee and the members of the committee who rejected the application or terminated the membership must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the application should be rejected or the membership should be terminated.
- (4) An appeal must be decided by a majority vote of the members present and eligible to vote at the meeting.
- (5) If a person whose application for membership has been rejected does not appeal against the decision within one month after receiving written notice of the decision, or the person appeals but the appeal is unsuccessful, the secretary must, as soon as practicable, refund the membership fee and entrance fee (if any) paid by the person.

## **12 GRIEVANCES**

- (1) The Management Committee shall follow the grievance procedures set out in these rules for dealing with a dispute between—
  - (a) a member and another member; or

- (b) a member and the management committee; or
- (c) a member and the association.

## **12A GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

- (1) This rule sets out a grievance procedure for dealing with a dispute under the rules between parties as mentioned in section 47A(1) of the Act.
- (2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the grievance procedure can not be used by a person whose membership has been terminated if the rules provide for an appeal process against the termination.
- (3) A member (the aggrieved party) initiates the grievance procedure in relation to the dispute by giving a notice in writing of the dispute to—
  - (a) the other party; and
  - (b) if the other party is not the management committee—the management committee.
- (4) If 2 or more members initiate a grievance procedure in relation to the same subject matter, the management committee may deal with the disputes in a single process and the members must choose 1 of the members (also the aggrieved party) to represent the members in the grievance procedure.
- (5) Subject to rule 12B, the parties to the dispute must, in good faith, attempt to resolve the dispute.
- (6) If the parties to the dispute can not resolve the dispute within 14 days after the aggrieved party initiates the grievance procedure, the aggrieved party may, within a further 21 days, ask the association’s secretary to refer the dispute to mediation.
- (7) Subject to rule 12B, if the aggrieved party asks the association’s secretary to refer the dispute to mediation under subrule (6), the management committee must refer the dispute within 14 days after the request.
- (8) If the aggrieved party does not ask the association’s secretary to refer the dispute to mediation under subrule (6), the grievance procedure in relation to the dispute ends.

## **12B GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE NOT CONTINUED IN PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES**

- (1) This rule applies if—

- (a) a member initiates a grievance procedure in relation to a dispute and the association or association's management committee is the other party to the dispute; or
  - (b) the aggrieved party asks the association's secretary to refer the dispute to mediation under rule 12A(6).
- (2) The management committee does not have to act under rule 12A(5) or (7) if—
- (a) the aggrieved party has, within 21 days before initiating the grievance procedure, behaved in a way that would give the management committee grounds for taking disciplinary action under the rules against the aggrieved party in relation to the matter the subject of the grievance procedure; or
  - (b) before the grievance procedure was initiated, a process had started to take action under the rules against the aggrieved party or terminate the aggrieved party's membership, as provided for under the rules, and the dispute relates to that process or to a matter relevant to that process; or
  - (c) the dispute relates to an obligation under the Liquor Act 1992 or any other State law to prevent the entry of the aggrieved party to, or to remove the aggrieved party from, premises used by the association, or to refuse to serve liquor to the aggrieved party at the premises; or
  - (d) the dispute could reasonably be considered frivolous, vexatious, misconceived or lacking in substance, or relates to a matter that has already been the subject of the grievance procedure.

## **12C APPOINTMENT OF MEDIATOR**

- (1) If a dispute under rule 12A is referred to mediation—
- (a) the parties to the dispute must choose a mediator to conduct the mediation; or
  - (b) if the parties are unable to agree on the appointment of a mediator within 14 days after the dispute is referred to mediation, the mediator must be—
    - (i) for a dispute between a member and another member—a person appointed by the management committee; or
    - (ii) for a dispute between a member and the management committee or the association—an accredited mediator or a mediator appointed by the director of a dispute resolution centre.

- (2) An accredited mediator may refuse to be the mediator, or the director of a dispute resolution centre may refuse to appoint a mediator, to mediate the dispute.
- (3) If subrule (2) applies, the parties may seek to resolve the dispute in accordance with the Act or otherwise at law.

## **12D CONDUCT OF MEDIATION**

- (1) If a mediator is appointed under rule 12C, the mediator must start the mediation as soon as possible after the appointment and try to finish the mediation within 28 days after the appointment.
- (2) Subrule (1) does not apply if the mediator is a mediator appointed by the director of a dispute resolution centre.
- (3) The mediator—
  - (a) must give each party to the dispute an opportunity to be heard on the matter the subject of the dispute; and
  - (b) must comply with natural justice; and
  - (c) must not act as an adjudicator or arbitrator; and
  - (d) during the mediation—may see the parties with or without their representatives, together or separately.
- (4) The parties to the dispute must act reasonably and genuinely in the mediation and help the mediator to start and finish the mediation within the period mentioned in subrule (1).
- (5) The costs of the mediation, if any, are to be shared equally between the parties unless otherwise agreed.
- (6) If the mediator can not resolve the dispute, the parties may seek to resolve the dispute in accordance with the Act or otherwise at law.

## **12E REPRESENTATION FOR GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

- (1) A party to a dispute may appoint any qualified person to act on behalf of the party in the grievance procedure.

- (2) For subrule (1), a person is qualified to act on behalf of a party if the person—
  - (a) has sufficient knowledge of the matter the subject of the dispute to be able to represent the party effectively; and
  - (b) is authorised to negotiate an agreement for the party.
- (3) If a party appoints a person under subrule (1) to act on the party’s behalf, the party must give written notice of the appointment to each of the following entities—
  - (a) the other party to the dispute;
  - (b) the management committee;
  - (c) if a mediator has been appointed before the party appoints the person—the mediator.

## **12F ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION FOR GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

Any meeting or mediation session required under the grievance procedure may be conducted by electronic means if the parties to the dispute and, for a mediation, the mediator agree.

## **13 REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

- (1) The management committee must keep a register of members of the Association.
- (2) The register must include the following particulars for each member:
  - (a) the full name of the member;
  - (b) the postal or residential address of the member;
  - (c) the date of admission as a member;
  - (d) the date of death or time of resignation of the member;
  - (e) details about the termination or reinstatement of membership;
  - (f) any other particulars the management committee or the members at a general meeting decide.
- (3) The register must be open for inspection by members of the Association at all reasonable times.
- (4) A member must contact the secretary to arrange an inspection of the register.

- (5) However, the management committee may, on the application of a member of the Association, withhold information about the member (other than the member's full name) from the register available for inspection if the management committee has reasonable grounds for believing the disclosure of the information would put the member at risk of harm.

#### **14 PROHIBITION ON USE OF INFORMATION ON REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

- (1) A member of the Association must not:
  - (a) use information obtained from the register of members of the Association to contact, or send material to, another member of the Association for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes; or
  - (b) disclose information obtained from the register to someone else, knowing that the information is likely to be used to contact, or send material to, another member of the Association for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes.
- (2) Subrule (1) does not apply if the use or disclosure of the information is approved by the Association.

#### **15 APPOINTMENT OR ELECTION OF SECRETARY**

- (1) The secretary must be an individual residing in Queensland, or in another State but not more than 65 km from the Queensland border, who is:
  - (a) a member of the Association elected by the Association as secretary; or
  - (b) any of the following persons appointed by the management committee as secretary:
    - (i) a member of the Association's management committee;
    - (ii) another member of the Association other than an Honorary Member mentioned in subrule 5(1)(d);
    - (iii) another person.
- (2) If a vacancy happens in the office of secretary, the members of the management committee must ensure a secretary is appointed or elected for the Association within one month after the vacancy happens.

- (3) If the management committee appoints a person mentioned in subrule (1)(b)(ii) as secretary, other than to fill a casual vacancy on the management committee, the person does not become a member of the management committee.
- (4) However, if the management committee appoints a person mentioned in subrule (1)(b)(ii) as secretary to fill a casual vacancy on the management committee, the person becomes a member of the management committee.
- (5) If the management committee appoints a person mentioned in subrule (1)(b)(iii) as secretary, the person does not become a member of the management committee.
- (6) In this Rule – ***casual vacancy*** on a management committee means a vacancy that happens when an elected member of the management committee resigns, dies or otherwise stops holding office.

## **16 REMOVAL OF SECRETARY**

- (1) The management committee of the Association may at any time remove a person appointed by the committee as the secretary.
- (2) If the management committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in subrule 15(1)(b)(i), the person remains a member of the management committee.
- (3) If the management committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in subrule 15(1)(b)(ii) and who has been appointed to a casual vacancy on the management committee under subrule 15(4), the person remains a member of the management committee.

## **17 FUNCTIONS OF SECRETARY**

The secretary's functions include, but are not limited to:

- (1) calling meetings of the Association, including preparing notices of a meeting and of the business to be conducted at the meeting in consultation with the president of the Association; and
- (2) keeping minutes of each meeting; and
- (3) keeping copies of all correspondence and other documents relating to the Association; and
- (4) maintaining the register of members of the Association.

## **18 MEMBERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

- (1) The management committee of the Association consists of:
  - (a) a president; and
  - (b) a vice president; and
  - (c) a secretary as provided for in Rule 15; and
  - (d) a treasurer; and
  - (e) other members, as the members of the Association at any general meeting may elect or appoint provided that the total membership of the management committee does not exceed eleven.
- (2) The immediate past president may continue as an unelected non-voting member of the management committee, in an advisory capacity, for a period of one year only provided he or she has not been removed from office by the Association at a general meeting.
- (3) A member of the management committee, other than a secretary appointed by the management committee under subrule 15(1)(b)(iii), must be a member of the Association.
- (4) At each annual general meeting of the Association, the members of the management committee must retire from office, but are eligible, on nomination, for re-election.
- (5) A member of the Association, other than an Honorary Member mentioned in subrule 5(1)(d), may be appointed to a casual vacancy on the management committee under Rule 21.

## **19 ELECTING THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

- (1) A member of the management committee may only be elected as follows:
  - (a) Any two members of the Association may nominate another member (the candidate) to serve as a member of the management committee.
  - (b) The nomination must be:
    - (i) in writing; and
    - (ii) signed by the candidate and the members who nominated him or her; and
    - (iii) given to the secretary at least fourteen days before the annual general meeting at which the election is to be held.

- (c) Each member of the Association present and eligible to vote at the annual general meeting may vote for one candidate for each vacant position on the management committee.
  - (d) If, at the start of the meeting, there are not enough candidates nominated, nominations may be taken from the floor of the meeting.
- (2) A person may be a candidate only if the person:
- (a) is an adult; and
  - (b) is not an Honorary Member mentioned in subrule 5(1)(d); and
  - (c) is not ineligible to be elected as a member under section 61A of the Act.
- (3) A list of the candidates' names in alphabetical order, with the names of the members who nominated each candidate, must be posted in a conspicuous place in the office or usual place of meeting of the Association for at least seven days immediately preceding the annual general meeting.
- (4) If required by the management committee, balloting lists must be prepared containing the names of the candidates in alphabetical order.
- (5) The management committee must ensure that, before a candidate is elected as a member of the management committee, the candidate is advised:
- (a) whether or not the Association has public liability insurance; and
  - (b) if the Association has public liability insurance, the amount of the insurance.

## **20 RESIGNATION, REMOVAL OR VACATION OF OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEMBER**

- (1) A member of the management committee may resign from the committee by giving written notice of resignation to the secretary.
- (2) The resignation takes effect at:
- (a) the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
  - (b) if a later time is stated in the notice then, the later time.
- (3) A member may be removed from office at a general meeting of the Association if a majority of the members present and eligible to vote at the meeting vote in favour of removing the member.

- (4) Before a vote of members is taken about removing the member from office, the member must be given a full and fair opportunity to show cause why he or she should not be removed from office.
- (5) A member has no right of appeal against the member's removal from office under this Rule.
- (6) A member immediately vacates the office of member in the circumstances mentioned in section 64(2) of the Act.

## **21 VACANCIES ON MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

- (1) If a casual vacancy happens on the management committee, the continuing members of the committee may appoint another member of the Association to fill the vacancy until the next annual general meeting.
- (2) The continuing members of the management committee may act despite a casual vacancy on the management committee.
- (3) However, if the number of committee members is less than the number fixed under subrule 24(1) as a quorum of the management committee, the continuing members may act only to:
  - (a) increase the number of management committee members to the number required for a quorum; or
  - (b) call a general meeting of the Association.

## **22 FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.**

- (1) Subject to these Rules or a resolution of the members of the Association carried at a general meeting, the management committee has the general control and management of the administration of the affairs, property and funds of the Association
- (2) The management committee has authority to interpret the meaning of these Rules and any matter relating to the Association on which the Rules are silent, but any interpretation must have regard to the Act, including any regulation made under the Act.
- (3) The management committee may exercise the powers of the Association:
  - (a) to borrow, raise or secure the payment of amounts in a way the members of the Association decide; and

- (b) to secure the amounts mentioned in paragraph (a) or the payment or performance of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement incurred or to be entered into by the Association in any way, including by the issue of debentures (perpetual or otherwise) charged upon the whole or part of the Association's property, both present and future; and
  - (c) to purchase, redeem or pay off any securities issued; and
  - (d) to borrow amounts from members and pay interest on the amounts borrowed; and
  - (e) to mortgage or charge the whole or part of its property; and
  - (f) to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Association; and
  - (g) to provide and pay off securities issued; and
  - (h) to invest in a way the members of the Association may decide.
- (4) For subrule (3)(d), the rate of interest must not be more than the current rate being charged for overdrawn accounts on money lent (regardless of the term of the loan) by:
- (a) the financial institution for the Association; or
  - (b) if there is more than one financial institution for the Association, then the financial institution nominated by the management committee.
- (5) The management committee shall have the power to make financial grants to individual members, pairs or teams to compete in events conducted by the Queensland Bridge Association or the Australian Bridge Federation or their successors, and to pay expenses to Association members when engaged on Association business.

## **23 MEETINGS OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

- (1) Subject to this Rule, the management committee may meet and conduct its proceedings as it considers appropriate.
- (2) The management committee must meet at least once every two months to exercise its functions.
- (3) The management committee must decide how a meeting is to be called.
- (4) Notice of a meeting is to be given in the way decided by the management committee.

- (5) The management committee may hold meetings, or permit a committee member to take part in its meetings, by using any technology that reasonably allows the member to hear and take part in discussions as they happen.
- (6) A committee member who participates in the meeting as mentioned in subrule (5) is taken to be present at the meeting.
- (7) A question arising at a committee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of members of the committee present at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the question is decided in the negative.
- (8) A member of the management committee must not vote on a question about a contract or proposed contract with the Association if the member has an interest in the contract or proposed contract and, if the member does vote, the member's vote must not be counted.
- (9) The president is to preside as chairperson at a management committee meeting.
- (10) If there is no president or if the president is not present within ten minutes after the time fixed for the commencement of a management committee meeting, the members may choose one of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

## **24 QUORUM FOR AND ADJOURNMENT OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

- (1) At a management committee meeting, more than 50% of the members elected to the committee as at the close of the last general meeting of the members form a quorum.
- (2) If there is no quorum within thirty minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting called on the request of members of the committee, the meeting lapses.
- (3) If there is no quorum within thirty minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting called other than on the request of the members of the committee:
  - (a) the meeting is to be adjourned for at least one day; and
  - (b) the members of the management committee who are present are to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.

- (4) If, at an adjourned meeting mentioned in subrule (3), there is no quorum within thirty minutes after the time fixed for the meeting, the meeting lapses.

## **25 SPECIAL MEETING OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

- (1) If the secretary receives a written request signed by at least 33% of the members of the management committee, the secretary must call a special meeting of the committee by giving each member of the committee notice of the meeting within fourteen days after the secretary receives the request.
- (2) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the special meeting, the president must call the meeting.
- (3) A request for a special meeting must state:
  - (a) why the special meeting is called; and
  - (b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (4) A notice of a special meeting must state:
  - (a) the day, time and place of the meeting; and
  - (b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (5) A special meeting of the management committee must be held within fourteen days after notice of the meeting is given to the members of the management committee.

## **26 MINUTES OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

- (1) The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes of all questions, matters, resolutions and other proceedings of each management committee meeting are entered in a minute book.
- (2) To ensure the accuracy of the minutes, the minutes of each management committee meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next management committee meeting, verifying their accuracy.

## **27 APPOINTMENT OF SUBCOMMITTEES**

- (1) The management committee may appoint a subcommittee consisting of members of the Association considered appropriate by the committee to help with the conduct of the Association's operations.
- (2) A member of the subcommittee who is not a member of the management committee is not entitled to vote at a management committee meeting.
- (3) A subcommittee may elect a chairperson of its meetings.
- (4) If a chairperson is not elected, or if the chairperson is not present within ten minutes after the time fixed for a meeting, the members present may choose one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.
- (5) A subcommittee may meet and adjourn as it considers appropriate.
- (6) A question arising at a subcommittee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of the members present at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the question is decided in the negative.

## **28 ACTS NOT AFFECTED BY DEFECTS OR DISQUALIFICATIONS**

- (1) An act performed by the management committee, a subcommittee or a person acting as a member of the management committee is taken to have been validly performed.
- (2) subrule (1) applies even if the act was performed when:
  - (a) there was a defect in the appointment of a member of the management committee, subcommittee or person acting as a member of the management committee; or
  - (b) a management committee member, subcommittee member or person acting as a member of the management committee was disqualified from being a member.

## **29 RESOLUTIONS OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE WITHOUT MEETING**

- (1) A written resolution signed by each member of the management committee is as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a committee meeting that was properly called and held.

- (2) A resolution mentioned in subrule (1) may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more members of the committee.

### **30 ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS**

- (1) Each Annual general meeting must be held:
  - (a) at least once each year; and
  - (b) within three months after the end date of the Association's reportable financial year.

### **31 BUSINESS TO BE CONDUCTED AT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

The following business must be conducted at each Annual general meeting of the Association:

- (1) the tabling and confirmation of the minutes of the previous annual general meeting and of special general meeting (if any) and consideration of business arising from the minutes; and
- (2) receiving the Association's financial statements and audit report for the last reportable financial year; and
- (3) presenting the financial statements and audit report to the meeting for adoption; and
- (4) electing members of the management committee; and
- (5) appointing an auditor or an accountant for the current financial year.

### **32 NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETING**

- (1) The secretary may call a general meeting of the Association.
- (2) The secretary must give at least fourteen days notice of the meeting to each member of the Association.
- (3) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the meeting, the president must call the meeting.
- (4) The management committee may decide the way in which the notice must be given.
- (5) However, notice of the following meetings must be given in writing:

- (a) A meeting called to hear and decide the appeal of a person against the management committee's decision:
    - (i) to reject the person's application for membership of the Association;  
or
    - (ii) to terminate the person's membership of the Association;
  - (b) A meeting to hear and decide a proposed special resolution of the Association.
- (6) A notice of a general meeting must state the business to be conducted at the meeting.

### **33 QUORUM FOR AND ADJOURNMENT OF GENERAL MEETINGS**

- (1) The quorum for a general meeting is at least the number of members elected or appointed to the management committee at the close of the Association's last general meeting plus one.
- (2) However, if all members of the Association are members of the management committee, the quorum is the total number of members less one.
- (3) No business may be conducted at a general meeting unless there is a quorum of members when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (4) If there is no quorum within thirty minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called on the request of members of the management committee or the Association, the meeting lapses.
- (5) If there is no quorum within thirty minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called other than on the request of members of the management committee or the Association:
  - (a) the meeting is to be adjourned for at least seven days; and
  - (b) the management committee is to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
- (6) The chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which there is a quorum, and must if directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (7) If a meeting is adjourned under subrule (6), only the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place may be conducted at the adjourned meeting.

- (8) The secretary is not required to give the members notice of an adjournment or of the business to be conducted at an adjourned meeting unless a meeting is adjourned for at least thirty days.
- (9) If a meeting is adjourned for at least thirty days, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given in the same way notice is given for an original meeting.

#### **34 PROCEDURE AT GENERAL MEETING**

- (1) A member may take part and vote in a general meeting in person, by proxy, by attorney or by using any technology that reasonably allows the member to hear and take part in discussions as they happen.
- (2) A member who participates in a meeting as mentioned in subrule (1) is taken to be present at the meeting.
- (3) At each general meeting:
  - (a) the president is to preside as chairperson; and
  - (b) if there is no president or if the president is not present within fifteen minutes after the time fixed for the meeting or is unwilling to act, the members present must elect one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting; and
  - (c) the chairperson must conduct the meeting in a proper and orderly way.

#### **35 VOTING AT GENERAL MEETING**

- (1) At a general meeting, each question, matter or resolution, other than a special resolution, must be decided by a majority of votes of the members present.
- (2) Each member present and eligible to vote is entitled to one vote only and, if the votes are equal, the chairperson has a casting vote as well as a primary vote.
- (3) A member is not entitled to vote at a general meeting if the member's annual subscription is in arrears at the date of the meeting or if the member is an Honorary member mentioned in subrule (5)(1)(d).
- (4) The method of voting is to be decided by the management committee.
- (5) However, if at least 20% of the members present demand a secret ballot, voting must be by secret ballot.

- (6) If a secret ballot is held, the chairperson must appoint two members to conduct the secret ballot in the way the chairperson decides.
- (7) The result of a secret ballot as declared by the chairperson is taken to be a resolution of the meeting at which the ballot was held.

### **36 SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING**

- (1) The secretary must call a special general meeting by giving each member of the Association notice of the meeting within fourteen days after:
  - (a) being directed to call the meeting by the management committee; or
  - (b) being given a written request signed by:
    - (i) at least 33% of the number of members of the management committee when the request is signed; or
    - (ii) at least the number of ordinary members of the Association equal to double the number of members of the Association on the management committee when the request is signed plus one; or
  - (c) being given a written notice of an intention to appeal against the decision of the management committee:
    - (i) to reject an application for membership; or
    - (ii) to terminate a person's membership.
- (2) A request mentioned in subrule (1)(b) must state:
  - (a) why the special general meeting is being called; and
  - (b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (3) A special general meeting must be held within three months after the secretary:
  - (a) is directed to call the meeting by the management committee; or
  - (b) is given the written request mentioned in subrule (1)(b); or
  - (c) is given the written notice of an intention to appeal mentioned in subrule (1)(c).
- (4) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the special meeting, the president must call the meeting.

**37 PROXIES**

- (1) If a member wants a proxy to vote for or against a resolution, the instrument appointing the proxy must be in the following or similar form:

Northern Suburbs Bridge Club Incorporated:  
I, ----- of ----- ,being  
a member of the Association, appoint -----  
----- of -----  
as my proxy to vote for me on my behalf at the (annual) general meeting of  
the Association, to be held on the ----- day of the month of -----  
20xx and at any adjournment of the meeting.

Signed this ----- day of ----- 20xx  
Signature of Appointor  
  
Signature of Appointee

This form is to be used \*in favour of/\* against [*strike out whichever is not wanted*] the following resolutions:  
*[List relevant resolutions]*

- (2) The instrument appointing a proxy must be signed by the appointor or the appointor’s attorney properly authorised in writing and, also by the Appointee as verification of acceptance of the appointment.
- (3) A proxy must be a member of the Association.
- (4) The instrument appointing a proxy is taken to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a secret ballot.
- (5) Each instrument appointing a proxy must be given to the secretary before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote.

**38 MINUTES OF GENERAL MEETING**

- (1) The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes of all questions, matters, resolutions and other proceedings of each general meeting are entered in a minute book.
- (2) To ensure the accuracy of the minutes:

- (a) the minutes of each general meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next general meeting, verifying their accuracy; and
  - (b) the minutes of each annual general meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next meeting of the Association that is a general meeting or annual general meeting, verifying their accuracy.
- (3) If asked by a member of the Association, the secretary must, within twenty-eight days after the request is made:
- (a) make the minute book for a particular general meeting available for inspection by the member at a mutually agreed time and place; and
  - (b) give the member copies of the minutes of the meeting.
- (4) The Association may require the member to pay the reasonable costs of providing copies of the minutes.

### **39 BY-LAWS**

- (1) The management committee may make, amend or repeal by-laws, not inconsistent with these Rules, for the internal management of the Association.
- (2) A by-law may be set aside by a vote of members at a general meeting of the Association.

### **40 ALTERATION OF RULES**

- (1) Subject to the Act, these Rules may be amended, repealed or added to by a special resolution carried at a general meeting.
- (2) However an amendment, repeal or addition is valid only if it is registered by the chief executive of the Queensland Government Department responsible for the administration of the Act.

### **41 FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS**

- (1) The funds of the Association must be kept in an account in the name of the Association in a financial institution decided by the management committee.

- (2) Records and accounts must be kept in the English language showing full and accurate particulars of the financial affairs of the Association.
- (3) All amounts must be deposited in the financial institution account as soon as practicable after receipt.
- (4) A payment by the Association of \$500 or more must be made by My ABF bridge credits or electronic funds transfer.
- (5) If a payment of \$500 or more is made by My ABF bridge credits or electronic funds transfer, the My ABF bridge credits or electronic funds transfer must be authorised by any two of the following:
  - (a) the president;
  - (b) the vice president;
  - (c) the secretary;
  - (d) the treasurer;
  - (e) any one of three other members of the Association who have been authorised by the management committee.
- (6) However, one of the persons who authorises the My ABF bridge credits or electronic funds transfer must be the president, the vice president, the secretary or the treasurer.
- (7) A petty cash account must be kept on the imprest system, and the management committee must decide the amount of petty cash to be kept in the account.
- (8) All expenditure must be approved or ratified at a management committee meeting except that expenditure by the Association of \$50,000 or more (or more than \$50,000 in aggregate if the expenditure relates to a single project), or such other amount as may be approved by members at a general meeting, must be approved by members at a general meeting prior to commitment of expenditure
- (9) The treasurer shall ensure that a separate Fund (the "Fund") is established and maintained in a sufficient amount that ensures that monies are available in the Fund to meet the costs of replacement of all depreciating assets when such events become due. In this regard –
  - (a) The total amount in the Fund shall be reviewed at least annually by the management committee.
  - (b) Withdrawals from the Fund may only occur to meet expenditure incurred in the replacement of depreciating assets or when the review provided for

in Rule 43(10)(a) indicates that the balance of monies in the Fund is in excess of the estimated amount required to meet the costs of replacement of all depreciating assets when such events become due.

- (c) For the purposes of this Rule 43(10), a depreciating asset is defined as one which has or had an initial cost in excess of \$5000, or such other amount as may be approved by members at a general meeting, and in addition, has a life expectancy of greater than 5 years.

## **42 GENERAL FINANCIAL MATTERS**

- (1) On behalf of the management committee, the treasurer must, as soon as practicable after the end date of each financial year, ensure a financial statement for its last reportable financial year is prepared.
- (2) The income and property of the Association must be used solely in promoting the Association's objects and exercising the Association's powers.

## **43 DOCUMENTS**

- (1) The management committee must ensure the safe custody of books, documents, instruments of title and securities of the Association.
- (2) The financial documents of the Association must be kept:
  - (a) in the state; and
  - (b) for a period of at least five years.

## **44 FINANCIAL YEAR**

- (1) The end date of the Association's financial year is the thirty first day of January in each year.

## **45 DISTRIBUTION OF SURPLUS ASSETS TO ANOTHER ENTITY**

- (1) This Rule applies if the Association:
  - (a) is wound-up under part 10 of the Act; and
  - (b) has surplus assets.

- (2) The surplus assets must not be distributed among the members of the Association.
- (3) The surplus assets must be given to another entity:
  - (a) having objects similar to the Association's objects; and
  - (b) the Rules of which prohibit the distribution of the entity's income and assets to its members.
- (4) In this rule:
 

**surplus assets** – see section 92(3) of the Act.

## 46 NOTICES

- (1) A notice or advice may be given by the management committee to any person personally or by sending it either:
  - (a) by posting a properly addressed prepaid letter containing the notice or advice, whether the notice of advice forms part of or is accompanied by other material, to the person at the person's nominated postal address; or
  - (b) by facsimile to the person's nominated facsimile number; or
  - (c) by email to the person's nominated email address.
- (2) Where a notice or advice is sent by post, service of the notice or advice shall be deemed to have been effected at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.
- (3) Where a notice or advice is sent by facsimile or email, service of the notice or email shall be deemed to be effected on the date of its successful transmission.

## NOTE

- (1) These Rules were approved by a special resolution carried at a general meeting of the Association held on Saturday, 12 April 2025.
- (2) These Rules were registered by the Chief Executive on -----
- (3) These Rules came into force at the beginning of the day on the date of registration by the Chief Executive (adopting s15B of Acts Interpretation Act 1954).
- (4) In the event that the provisions of the Act as quoted herein become relevant or appear to be or become relevant in any particular circumstance, it is incumbent upon the management committee or any person concerned with the operation of those provisions to check the wording of the Act in force at that particular time. The wording of the latest version of the Act will always prevail.